Government Degree College, Baramulla

SEMESTER 3rd MAJOR /MINOR

Subject: PHILOSOPHY Course Title:- (ETHICS)

BPL22C301

CREDITS: THEORY - 04, TUTORIALS: 02

COURSE OBJECTIVES: -. The objective of this course is to make students familiar with issues and debates with reference to ethical philosophy.

COURSE OUTCOME: - 1. By recourse to study of ethics the students can become aware of numerous standards of ethical justification.

2. They can engage in moral reasoning with a view to differentiating between right and wrong ,virtue and vice and good and evil

Unit 1st

- 1. Nature and scope of Ethics
- 2. Areas of Ethics
- a Normative Ethics
- b Meta Ethics
- c Applied Ethics
- 3 Relation of Ethics to Religion.

Unit 2nd

- 1. Theories of Punishment
 - a. Retributive theory of Punishment
 - b. Deterrent theory of Punishment
 - c. Reformative theory of Punishment
- 2 Kant: Categorical Imperative
- 3 Kant's: Postulates of Morality

Unit 3rd

John Deway: Naturalism
 G E Moore: Intuitionism

3. Stevenson Emotivism

Unit 4th

- 1. Ethical subjectivism
- 2. Ethical objectivism
- 3. Ethical Relativism

TUTORIALS (ASSIGNMENTS, PRESENTATIONS, VIVA VOICE) (2 CREDITS = 30 MARKS)

- 1. Utilitarianism
 - i. Bentham's Version of Utilitarianism
 - ii. J S Mills Version of Utilitarianism
- 2 Freedom and Responsibility
- 3 Group Discussion

SUGGESTED READINGS:

1. CARAMSN AND PAPPAS: PHILOSOPHICAL PROBLEMS AND ARGUMENTS; AN INTRODUCTION

J.N. SINHA: A MANUAL OF ETHICS
 R. N. SHARMA: OUTLINE OF ETHICS
 MAKENZI: A MANUAL OF ETHICS

5. W. FRANKENA: ETHICS

6. W. LILLIE: AN INTRODUCTION OF ETHICS

Government Degree College, Baramulla

SEMESTER 1st to 3rd MULTIDISCIPLINARY COURSE

Subject: PHILOSOPHY

Course Title: (INTRODUCTION TO PHILOSOPHY)

Course Code: BPL22M101

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- a. To get a sense of how philosophers function as mistake specialists, identifying the errors that our ways of thinking are marked by, figuring out ways of overcoming them.
- b. To see how thinking is an indispensable human activity that we can't outsource to others, and how philosophy is, above all else, a work on oneself, one's own conceptual repertoire, presuppositions, prejudices.
- c. To expose ourselves to the paradigmatic philosophical figures in the history of Western and Islamic philosophy and some of their key concepts, and thereby learn to think across traditions.

16 Hrs per Unit

UNIT I

Understanding Philosophy & its Branches

Socrates: Philosophical Method

Aristotle: Causation.

UNIT II

Rene Descartes: Cartesian Epistemology

John Locke: Critique of Cartesian Epistemology

Immanuel Kant: Synthesis of Rationalism and Empiricism

UNIT III

Existentialism: An Introduction Kierkegaard: Three Stages of Life Sartre: Freedom and Responsibility

RECOMMENDED READINGS

- 1. The Story of Philosophy Will Durant
- 2. Philosophy: A Very Short Introduction Edward Craig
- 3. The Cambridge Companion to Early Greek Philosophy A. A. Long
- 4. Arguing with Socrates: An Introduction to Plato's Shorter Dialogues Christopher Warne
- 5. *Philosophy as a Way of Life:* Spiritual Exercises from Socrates to Foucault Pierre Hadot and Arnold Davidson
- 6. Human, All Too Human: A Book for Free Spirits Friedrich Nietzsche,
- 7. The Translator of Desires: Muhyiddin Ibn 'Arabi Michael Sells
- 8. Philosophy in the Modern World: A New History of Western Philosophy Anthony Kenny
- 9. Modern philosophy: From Descartes to Leibniz Frederick Copleston
- 10. Faith and Reason in Islam: Averroes' exposition of religious arguments Ibrahim Najjar, Averroes
- 11. The Incoherence of the Philosophers Al GhazalI
- 12. Islam and Rationality. The Impact of al-Ghazālī Frank Griffel
- 13. Avicenna and His Legacy: A Golden Age of Science and Philosophy ; Authors. Tzvi Langermann
- 14. The story of reason in Islam Sari Nusseibeh

CREDITS: 03