

GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE (BOYS), BARAMULLA

Semester 3rd

Major / Minor

Physics

Title: Thermal and Statistical Physics

Code: BPH22C301

CREDITS: 06 (04 Th, 02 Pr.)

Contact Hours: 64 Hr + 64 Hr

Course Objectives

To develop comprehension of fundamental thermodynamic concepts and principles including behaviour of real and ideal gases, and to apply them to different thermodynamics processes and systems.

Course Outcomes

On completion of the course, students will be able to:

1. Apply the First law of Thermodynamics and calculate Heat, Internal Energy, and Work in various thermodynamical processes and systems.
2. explain the concepts of Reversibility, Irreversibility, Carnot cycle, Entropy, Clausius theorem, Realise Second law as one of the fundamental law of nature
3. Estimate the entropy changes in reversible and irreversible processes.
4. Calculate the different measures of speeds in the Maxwell Boltzmann Distribution of velocities and derive the transport coefficients of Thermal conductivity, Viscosity and Diffusion in ideal gases.
5. Describe the behaviour of real gases and obtain the critical constants of the gas.

Unit I: First law of Thermodynamics and its applications

Zeroth and First Law of Thermodynamics: Extensive and intensive Thermodynamic Variables, Thermodynamic Equilibrium, Zeroth Law of Thermodynamics & Concept of Temperature, Concept of Work & Heat, Indicator Diagram, State Functions, First Law of Thermodynamics and its differential form, Internal Energy, First Law & various processes, Applications of First Law: General Relation between C_p and C_v , Work Done during thermodynamic processes (Isothermal, Adiabatic, Isochoric, Isobaric)

Unit II: Second law of Thermodynamics and Entropy

Second Law and Entropy, Carnot's cycle and theorem, Entropy changes in Reversible and Irreversible Process, Entropy –Temperature diagram, Thermodynamic Scale of Temperature. Third law of thermodynamics. Thermodynamic potentials: Enthalpy, Gibbs, Helmholtz and Internal energy functions, Compressibility and Expansion Co-efficient. Derivation of Maxwell's relations from thermodynamic potentials and their applications:- Joule--Thomson Effect, Clausius-Claperon Equation, Expression for C_p-C_v , C_p/C_v , TdS equations.

Unit III: Kinetic Theory of Gases

Kinetic Theory of Gases: Basic assumptions of kinetic theory, distinction between mean; rms and most probable speed values.. Mean free path and transport phenomena:- viscosity, diffusion and thermal conductivity. Imperfect gases and van der Wall's equation: Derivation

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of perfect gas behaviour, Onnes equation of state, van der Waals's equation of state, reduced equation of state. Critical constants and relation between them.

Unit IV: Statistical Mechanics & Theory of Radiation

Statistical Mechanics: Phase space, Macrostate and Microstate, Entropy and Thermodynamic probability, Sterling's approximation, Maxwell-Boltzmann law - distribution of velocity.

Quantum statistics - Fermi-Dirac distribution law - electron gas – Bose-Einstein distribution law - photon gas – comparison of three statistics.

Theory of Radiation: Blackbody radiation, Spectral distribution, Concept of Energy. Density, Derivation of Planck's law, Deduction of Wien's distribution law, Rayleigh- Jeans Law, Stefan Boltzmann Law and Wien's displacement law from Planck's law. Concept of radiation Pressure

Reference Books:

1. Thermal Physics by S C Garg, R M Bansal and C K Ghosh
2. Concepts of Modern Physics by Arthur Beiser.
3. Heat and Thermodynamics, M.W.Zemasky and R. Dittman Thermodynamics, Kinetic theory & Statistical thermodynamics, F.W.Sears & G. L. Salinger.
4. B. B. laud; "Introduction to Statistical Mechanics" (Macmillan 1981)
5. F. Reif; "Statistical Physics" (Mcgraw-Hill; 1989)
6. K. Huang; "Statistical Physics" (Wiley Eastern; 1988)
7. C. Kittle "Thermal Physics" 5. Berkeley Physics Course Vol 5 "Statistical Physics"

e-Resources

<https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/127/106/127106135/>

<https://oyc.yale.edu/physics/phys-200>

<https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/5-60-thermodynamics-kinetics-spring-2008/pages/lecture-notes/>

<https://www.coursera.org/courses?query=thermodynamics>

Laboratory Work:

1. To study Newton's law of Cooling
2. To determine Mechanical Equivalent of Heat, J, by Callender and Barne's constant flow method.
3. Measurement of Planck's constant using black body radiation.
4. To determine Stefan's Constant.
5. To determine the coefficient of thermal conductivity of copper by Searle's Apparatus.
6. To determine the Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity of Cu by Angstrom's Method.
7. To determine the coefficient of thermal conductivity of a bad conductor by Lee and Charlton's disc method.
8. To determine the temperature co-efficient of resistance by Platinum resistance thermometer.

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9. To study the variation of thermo emf across two junctions of a thermocouple with temperature.
10. To record and analyze the cooling temperature of an hot object as a function of time using a thermocouple and suitable data acquisition system
11. To calibrate Resistance Temperature Device (RTD) using Null Method/Off- Balance Bridge
12. To study probability distributions using dices/coins.
13. Study of Heating Efficiency of Electric kettle.

Learning outcomes:

After completing this program the participants will be able to:

1. Understand concepts of Physics, energy and electronics applied in the working of solar energy devices.
2. Carry out the site survey for installation of solar PV system.
3. Assess the customer's solar PV requirement.
4. Procure the solar PV system components.
5. Identify and use the tools and tackles used for solar PV system installation.
6. Install the civil/mechanical and electrical components of a solar PV system.
7. Test and Commission. Solar PV system.
8. Maintain solar pv system.
9. Troubleshooting of equipment installed.
10. Maintain Personal health and safety at project site.

Unit-I: Fundamentals of PV System sizing:

- Components of a grid connected SPV system (ACB, DB and cabling); Types of wires and selection criteria, wire sizing. Other components like: Junction Box, Lighting arresters, grounding etc.
- What is Sizing, significance and steps involved in sizing? Load Estimation, analysis and basics on energy efficiency. Inverter Battery sizing and its aspects.
- Module sizing and its aspects. Lay out diagrams. Spacing of PV strings and placing of each component. Selection of modules, batteries and inverters from the market specifications.
- Various steps involved in sizing of grid connected PV systems. Introduction to single line diagram and its significance. Listing of various components required for a grid connected and stand alone Solar power plant. (A check list of Each and every component).

Unit-II: Installation and Troubleshooting of PV Systems:

- Site survey and assessment. Shading analysis. Customer profiling and Role play. Understanding of various costs (Project heads) involved in the solar projects.
- Introduction to instruments used for monitoring performance of PV module. Quality assessment of the PV modules delivered at the site. Methods/Techniques in identifying various defects in a PV module. Measurement of various parameters in a PV module/PV string. Interpretation of performance data, and troubleshooting of possible defects in PV module.
- Introduction to various tools used in the power plant installation, its usage. Introduction to tools required for battery and inverter maintenance. Trouble shooting of Batteries, all types of batteries. Trouble shooting of inverters. Trouble shooting of Charge controllers: Complaints and servicing. Safe handling of tools.
- Trouble shooting of other balance of systems: wires, connections, casings, Fuses and relays etc.

Practicals:

1. Workout power flow calculations of standalone PV system of AC load with battery.
2. Workout power flow calculations of standalone PV system of DC load with battery.
3. Find the MPP manually by varying the resistive load across the PV panel.
4. Draw I-V Characteristics of a PV Module.
5. Study the effect of shading on output of a PV panel.
6. To understand difference between MPPT and PWM charge controller, efficiency of MPPT and PWM charge controller and energy flow in a system involving MPPT and PWM charge controller.
7. To understand and study the power flow in a solar DC system.
8. To convert a normal inverter system to a solar inverter system.
9. Study Power flow in a Solar PV System.
10. Field Trip to understand installation and working of a Solar PV installation.

Books Recommended:

1. Non-conventional Energy Resources: B H Khan.
2. Non-conventional Energy Resources: D S Chauhan and S K Srivastava.
3. Solar Energy: S P Sukhatme and JK Nayak.
4. Solar energy: M P Agarwal.
5. Solar energy: Sohas P Sukhatme.
6. Handbook of Batteries: Thomas Reddy.
7. Solar photovoltaic technology and systems: C S Solanki.
8. Modern battery engineering: KB Burke.
9. Power Electronics: P. Bimbhra.
10. Smart Solar PV inverters with Advanced Grid Support: R K Varma.

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Semester 1st

Multidisciplinary

Subject: Physics

Course title: Energy Sources

Course Code: **PHY022I**

Credits: 2+1

Unit I

Physics as a fundamental science, physics and society, relation of physics with other sciences, Energy crisis as a major challenge of the century; Energy concept and sources in general, its significance & necessity, Classification of energy sources: Primary and Secondary energy sources. Commercial and Non-commercial energy sources, Renewable and Non-renewable energy, Conventional and Non-conventional energy. Importance of Non-commercial energy resources Conventional energy sources: Fossil fuels & Nuclear energy- production & extraction, usage rate and limitations, Impact on environment and their issues & challenges. Overview of Indian & world energy scenario with latest statistics–consumption & necessity. Need of eco-friendly & green energy & their related technology, Environmental issues and Renewable sources of energy, Sustainability.

Unit II

Solar energy: Solar Energy-Key features, its importance, Merits & demerits of solar energy, Applications of solar energy. Solar water heater, flat plate collector, solar cooker, solar green houses, solar cell. Need and characteristics of photovoltaic (PV) systems, PV modules, and sun tracking systems.

Wind and Tidal Energy harvesting: Fundamentals of Wind energy, Wind Turbines and different types of wind turbines, An overview of developments in Offshore Wind Energy, Tidal Energy, Tide Energy Technologies, Wave energy systems, Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion.

Biomass, biochemical conversion, biogas generation, geothermal energy, Small Hydroelectricity.

Practicals:

1. Demonstration of training modules on solar energy, wind energy etc
2. Conversion of thermal energy into voltage using thermoelectric modules
3. VI characteristics of solar cell/modules
4. Field trip to nearby hydroelectric stations/ solar power installation
5. Project report on solar, hydro energy scenario in India.
6. Visit to site of Geothermal energy
7. Visit to wind farm
8. Project report on energy crisis in the world
9. Project report on potential of solar energy in the world and in India
10. Study of rural electrification plants of Govt. of India.

Reference Books:

1. Non-conventional energy sources – G.D Rai – Khanna Publishers, New Selhi
2. Solar Energy – M.P Agarwal – S.Chand and Co. Ltd.
3. Solar Energy – Suhas P Sukhative Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Compant Ltd.
4. Dr. P Jayakumar, Solar Energy: Resource Assesment Handbook, 2009
5. J.Balfour, M.Shaw and S. Jarosek, Photovoltaics, Lawrence J Goodrich (USA)
6. Solar Energy: Fundamentals, Design, Modelling and Applications by G. N. Tiwari, Narosa Publications
7. Non-Conventional Energy Resources by B H Khan, McGraw Hill
8. Solar Photovoltaic Technology and Systems by C S Solanki, PHI Learning Publications