

**Section A: Objective Type Questions**

**Q1. Choose the appropriate Answer: (8x1.5=12)**

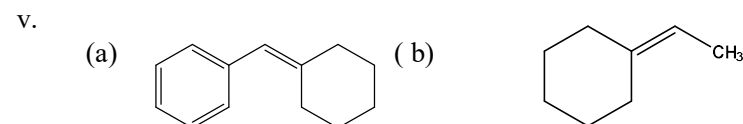
- i. One of the assumptions made in the Transition State Theory is  
 A Equilibrium is maintained between reactants and activated complex  
 B Equilibrium is maintained between reactants and products  
 C Equilibrium is maintained between products and activated complex  
 D Equilibrium is maintained between reactants, activated complex and products
- ii. Which of the following is correct for photochemical reaction  
 A Temperature has the same effect as on thermal reaction  
 B Temperature has the opposite effect as on thermal reaction  
 C Temperature has no effect  
 D Any of the above
- iii. The structures of  $[\text{Cu}(\text{CN})_4]^{2-}$  and  $[\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4]^{2+}$  are respectively  
 A square planar and tetrahedral  
 B tetrahedral and square planar  
 C both square planar  
 D both tetrahedral
- iv. The IUPAC name of  $\text{Na}_3[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_5\text{NO}]$  is  
 A Sodium pentacyanonitrosyl iron(II)  
 B Sodium pentacyanonitrosonium ferrate(I)  
 C Sodium nitrosylpentacyano nitrosoniumpentacyano ferrate(I)  
 D Sodium nitrosylpentacyano ferrate(II)
- v. Which of the following pairs(s) yield aldol product in presence of a base.  
 I)  $\text{HCHO}$  and  $\text{PhCHO}$  II)  $\text{PhCHO}$  and  $\text{CH}_3\text{CHO}$   
 III)  $\text{CCl}_3\text{CHO}$  and  $\text{PhCOCH}_3$  IV)  $\text{CH}_3\text{CHO}$  and  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{CHO}$

- A I and II B I and III  
 C II and III D II and IV
- vi. Alkanes can be obtained from ketones by  
 I) Perkin condensation II) Clemmensen Reduction  
 III) Wolf-Kishner Reduction IV) Cannizzaro's Reaction  
 A I and II B II and III  
 C III and IV D All of the above
- vii. Hinsberg reagent is  
 A Benzene sulphonyl chloride B Benzene sulphonamide  
 C Benzene sulphonyl urea D Para-Toluene sulphonic acid
- viii. Which of the following amine(s) cannot be acylated with acid chloride  
 A Ethylamine B Diethylamine  
 C Triethylamine D None of the above

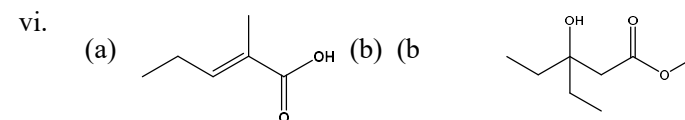
**Section-B: Descriptive Type Questions (Short Type)**

**Q2: Answer all the Questions (8 x 4 =32)**

- i. State (a) Grothus-Draper law and (b) Stark-Einstein law.
- ii. Show using Arrhenius equation, why the activation energy of a reaction cannot be zero or negative.
- iii. State important limitations of Valence Bond Theory (VBT).
- iv. Which complex among  $[\text{Fe}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}$  and  $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{3-}$  will have greater crystal field splitting. State reason for your answer. Identify the alkyl halide and carbonyl compound which you would use to prepare the following alkenes using Wittig reaction?



With what starting materials, following compounds can be prepared using a Reformatsky reaction:



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- vii. Amines can be prepared by reduction of nitriles with  $\text{LiAlH}_4$ . Suggest probable reaction mechanism.
- viii. Starting with nitrobenzene, how can you synthesize 3-chloroaniline?

**Section – C: Descriptive Type Questions (Medium Type)**

**Answer all the questions: (4 x 7=28)**

- Q 3.** What is Order of a reaction. Explain briefly how order of a reaction can be determined by  
(a) the use of differential rate expression (b) Half-life method

OR

What is Quantum Yield. Justify why the quantum yield of photochemical formation of  $\text{HBr}_{(g)}$  from  $\text{H}_{2(g)}$  and  $\text{Br}_{2(g)}$  is very low ( $\sim 0.01$ ) while as that of  $\text{HI}_{(g)}$  from  $\text{H}_{2(g)}$  and  $\text{I}_{2(g)}$  is very large ( $\sim 10^5$ ).

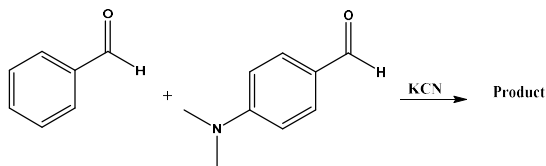
- Q 4.** Discuss the optical isomerism of  $[\text{Cr}(\text{en})_2\text{Cl}_2]^+$  and  $[\text{Cr}(\text{ox})_3]^{3-}$  complexes.

OR

What is Jahn-Teller distortion. State with reasons which of the following complexes can undergo Jahn-Teller distortion.

- (a)  $[\text{CuCl}_6]^{4-}$  (b)  $[\text{Co}(\text{CN})_6]^{4-}$  (c)  $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{4-}$

- Q 5.** Predict the product(s) in the following reaction with mechanism. Why is cyanide ion a highly specific catalyst for the benzoin condensation?



OR

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How can you prepare aldehydes and ketones each from:

- (a) Alkenes (b) Alkynes (c) Acid chlorides

- Q6.** Discuss the mechanism of:

- (a) Gabriel-Phtalimide reaction; and  
(b) Sulphonation of aniline

OR

Discuss electrophilic substitution reactions of aniline.

**Section – D: Descriptive Type Questions (Long Type)**

**Answer any two of the following: (2 x 14=28)**

- Q 7.** Label and explain the given photo-physical processes in

- (a) Jablonski diagram  
I) Fluorescence II) Phosphorescence  
III) Internal Crossing IV) Intersystem Crossing

- (b) State limitations of collision theory.

- Q 8.** Discuss Crystal field splitting in weak and strong magnetic field. Explain the factors effecting the magnitude of crystal field splitting.

- Q 9.** Give the preparation and chemical properties of carboxylic acids. Provide a comparative account of nucleophilicity of acyl derivatives

- Q 10.** What are diazonium salts? Discuss the mechanism of Sandmeyer and Gattermann reaction.

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